

# Implementing an Observation Support System for the Data Assimilation Research Testbed



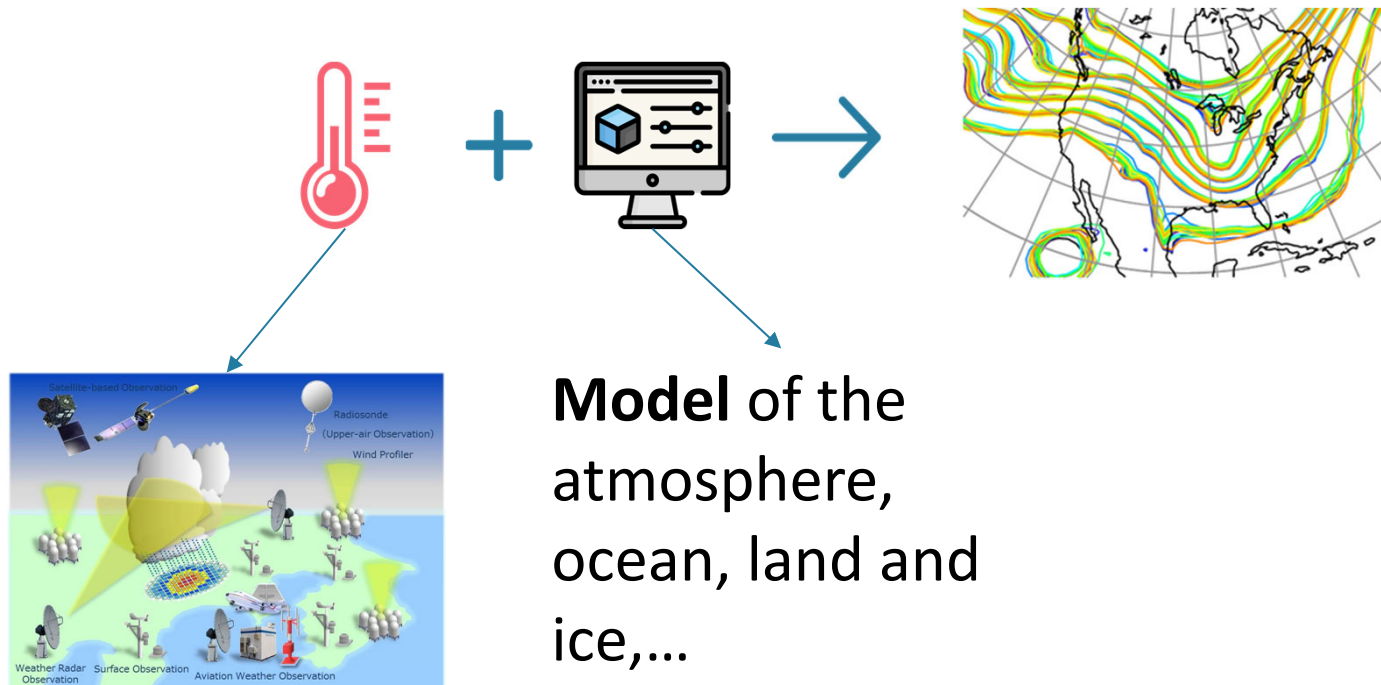
**JASON NGO**  
Haverford College  
August, 2019



# DATA ASSIMILATION

What is Data Assimilation?

- Observations statistically combined with Model Forecast to produce an analysis
- Widely used in numerical weather prediction



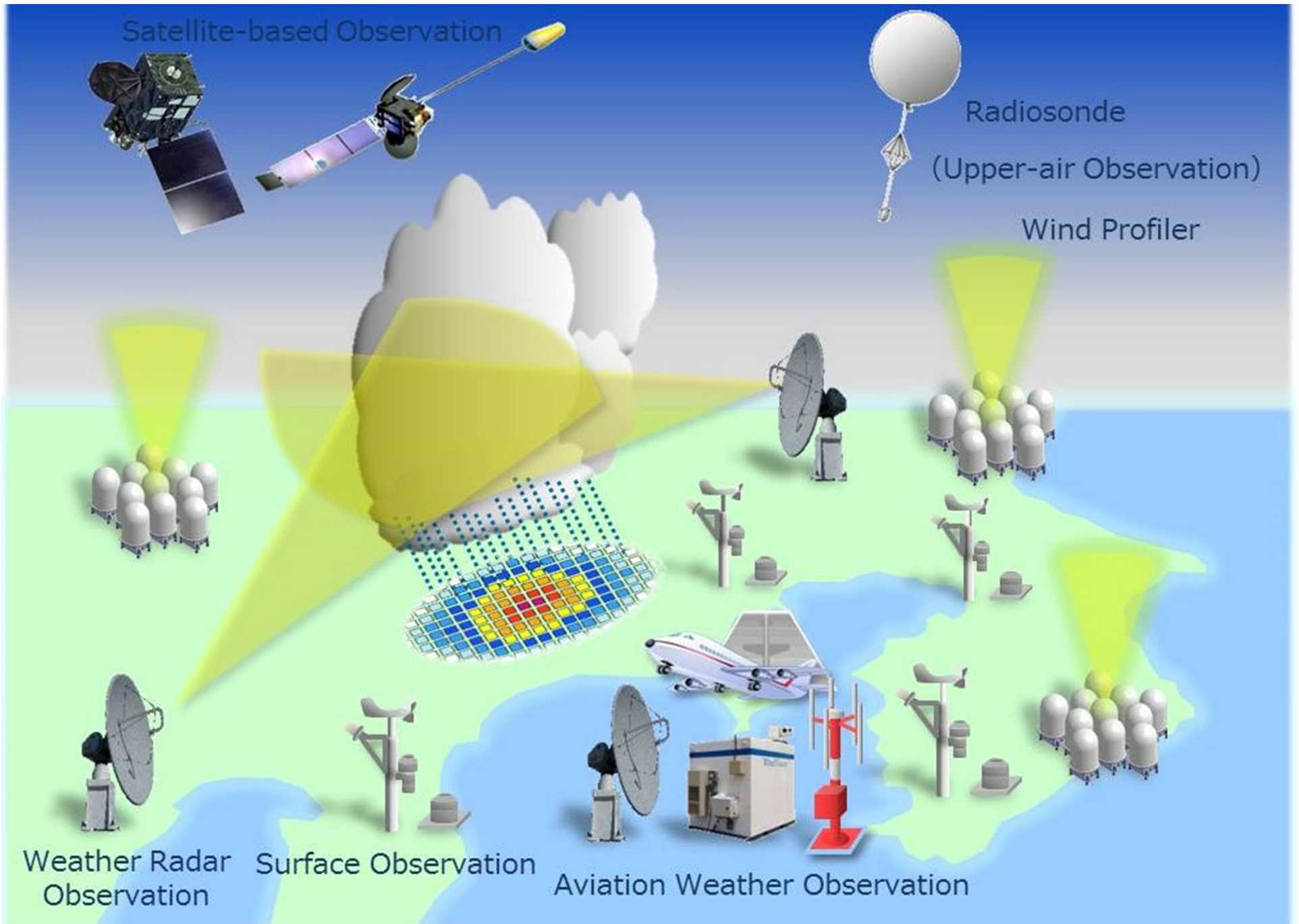
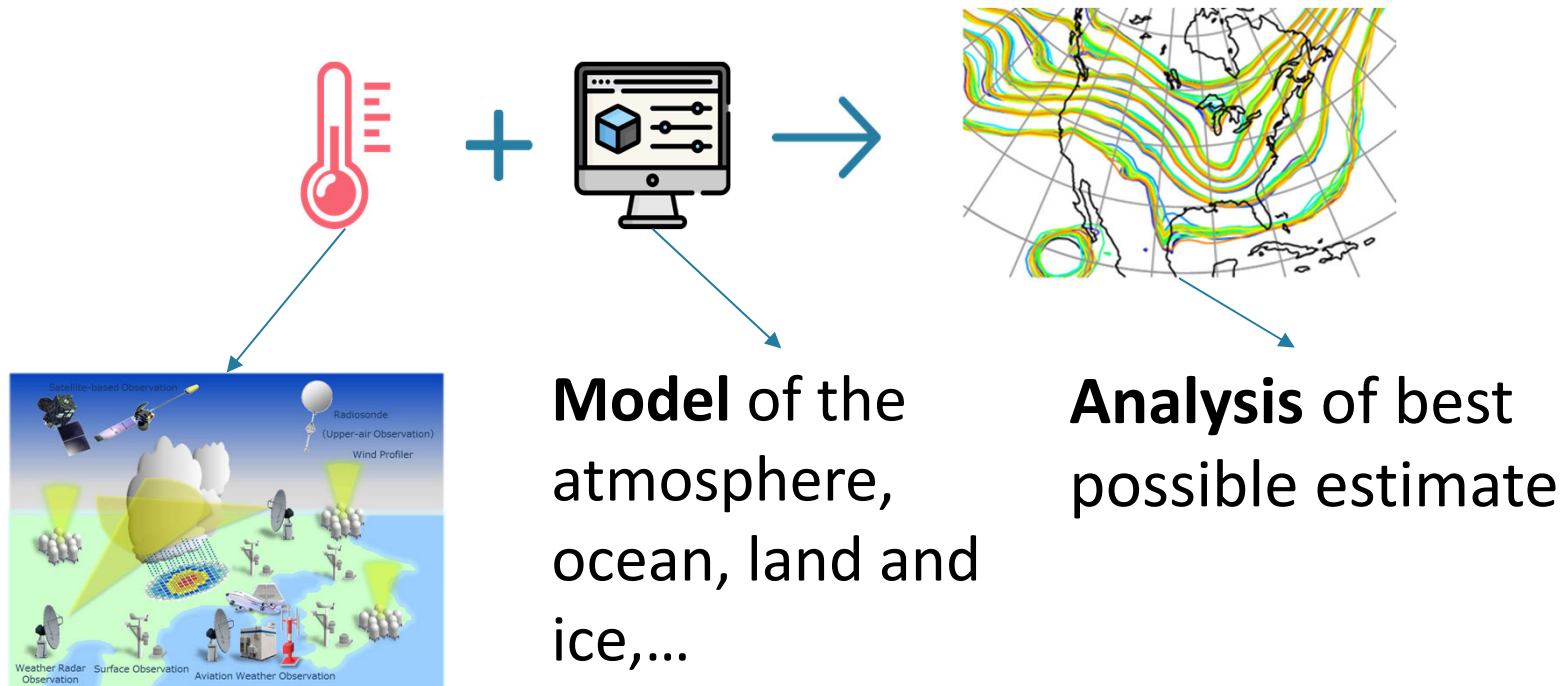


Figure 2: Weather Observations. Japan Meteorological Agency.

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# DATA ASSIMILATION RESEARCH TESTBED (DART)

- DART is a data assimilation open-source software developed by DAREs, NCAR
- DART provides modelers and observational scientists with powerful DA tools that are easy to implement and customize

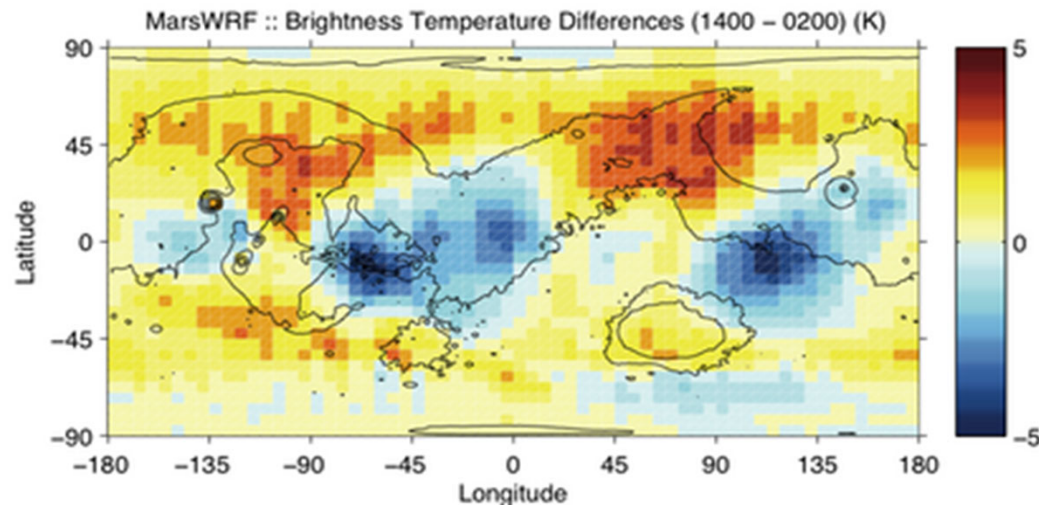


Figure 3: Brightness Temperature Difference within the Mars atmosphere. *DART, WRF, MARS.*

# MOTIVATION – DATABASE PROBLEM

- DART currently stores observation information in `obs_sequence` files.
  - Pros: contains exactly needed information, supports extensible metadata
  - Cons: difficult to query, non-standard

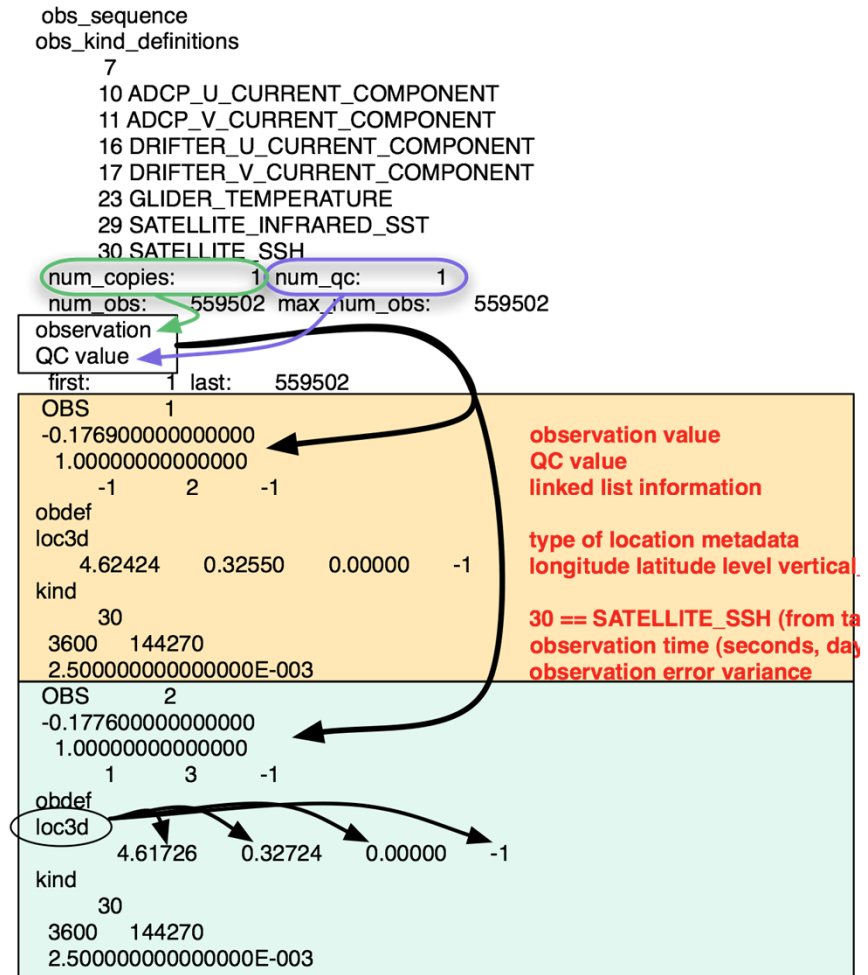


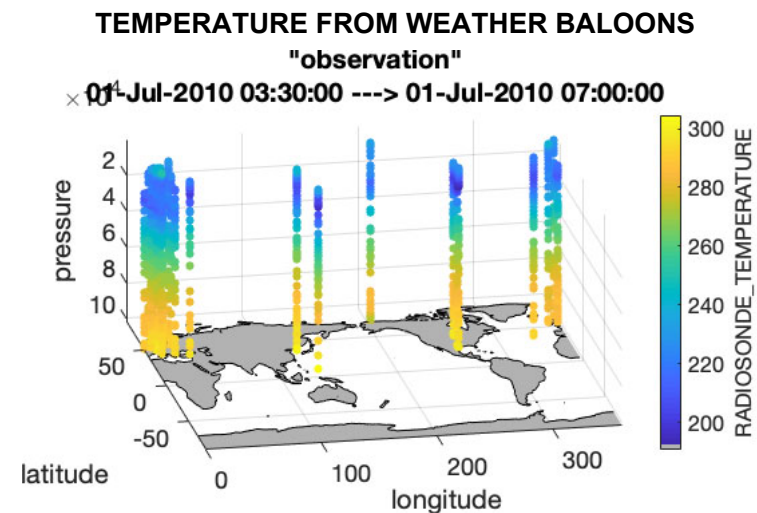
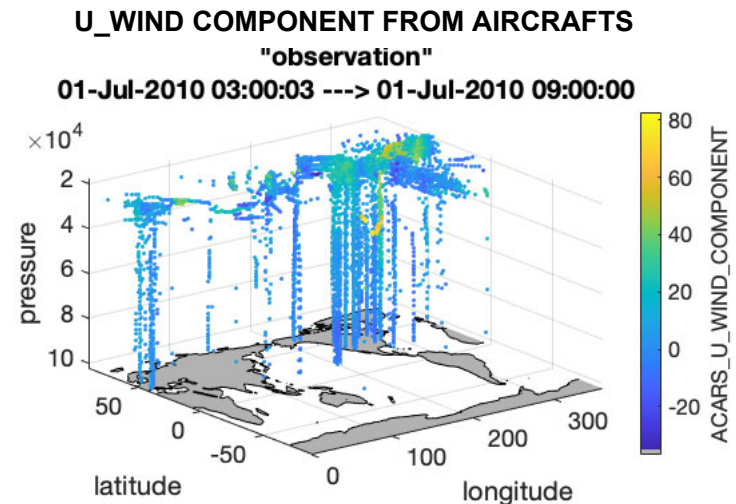
Figure 4: `obs_sequence` file structure.

# MOTIVATION – VISUALIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

The 3D point-data obs\_sequence files are not supported by current visualization software.

→ Convert to netCDF files & implement MATLAB functions to plot:

- Pros: customizable, pretty
- Cons: expensive MATLAB license, difficult to maintain, does not support extensible metadata



Plotted with MATLAB

# SOLUTION – NETCDF CONVERTER

Convert to **standard** netCDF with Fortran & Python scripts

- Preserve point-data structure

```
types:
    extensible Metadata;
dimensions:
    obs;
variables:
    time(obs);
    lat(obs);
    lon(obs);
    vert (obs);
    salinity(obs);
    Metadata(obs);
// global attributes
groups: dummy {
    obs_id = 0,2,3...
    // attributes
}
    netCDF file structure
```

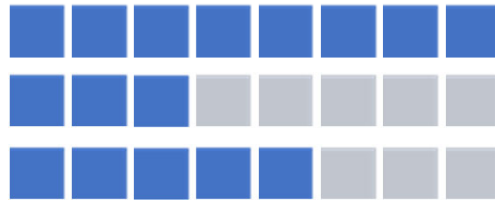


# SOLUTION – NETCDF CONVERTER

Convert to **standard** netCDF with Fortran & Python scripts

- Preserve point-data structure
- Support extensible metadata with varying-length variables

Fixed-length arrays



Varying-length arrays



**types:**

```
extensible Metadata;
```

**dimensions:**

```
obs;
```

**variables:**

```
time(obs);
```

```
lat(obs);
```

```
lon(obs);
```

```
vert (obs);
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salinity(obs);
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Metadata(obs);
```

```
// global attributes
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```
groups: dummy {
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obs_id = 0,2,3...
```

```
// attributes
```

```
}
```

```
netCDF file structure
```

# SOLUTION – NETCDF CONVERTER

Convert to **standard** netCDF with Fortran & Python scripts

- Preserve point-data structure
- Support extensible metadata with varying-length variables
- Support for data subsets with netCDF groups

**types:**

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```

netCDF file structure

# SOLUTION – NETCDF CONVERTER

Convert to **standard** netCDF with Fortran & Python scripts

- Preserve point-data structure
- Support extensible metadata with varying-length variables
- Support for data subsets with netCDF groups
- Follow netCDF metadata standards (CF Convention)

**types:**

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**dimensions:**

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**variables:**

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    Metadata(obs);
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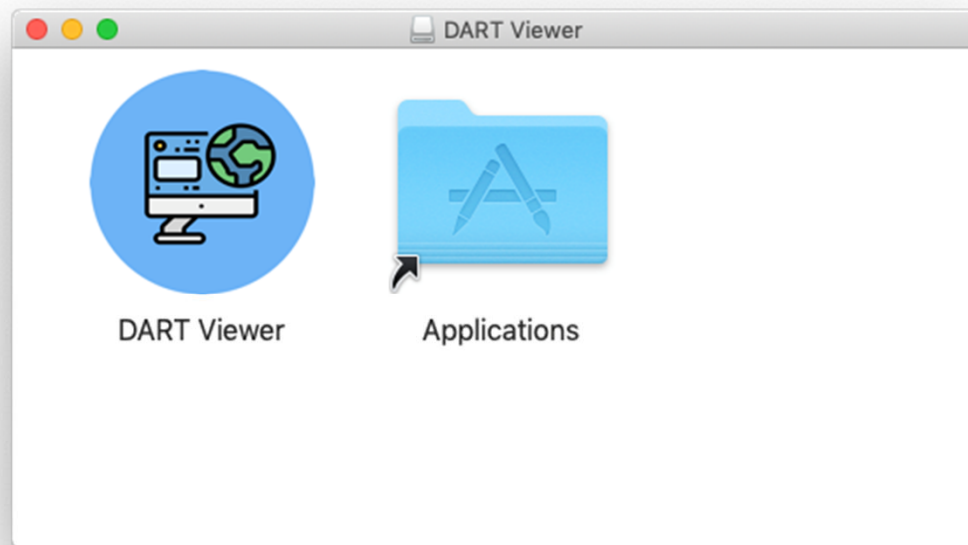
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netCDF file structure
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# SOLUTION – GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE (GUI)

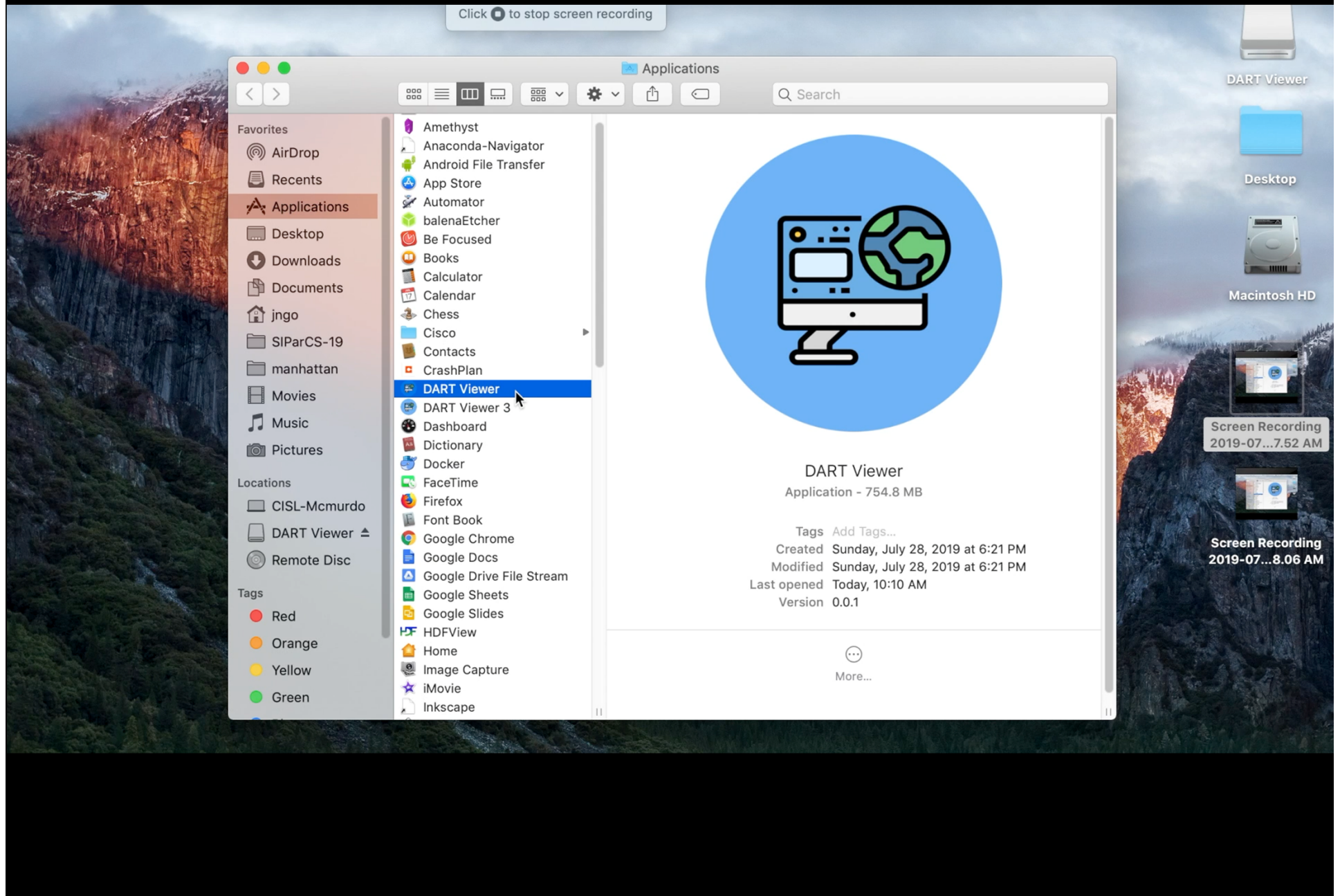
**Frontend:** Built with Qt, a cross-platform software development environment

GUI pros:

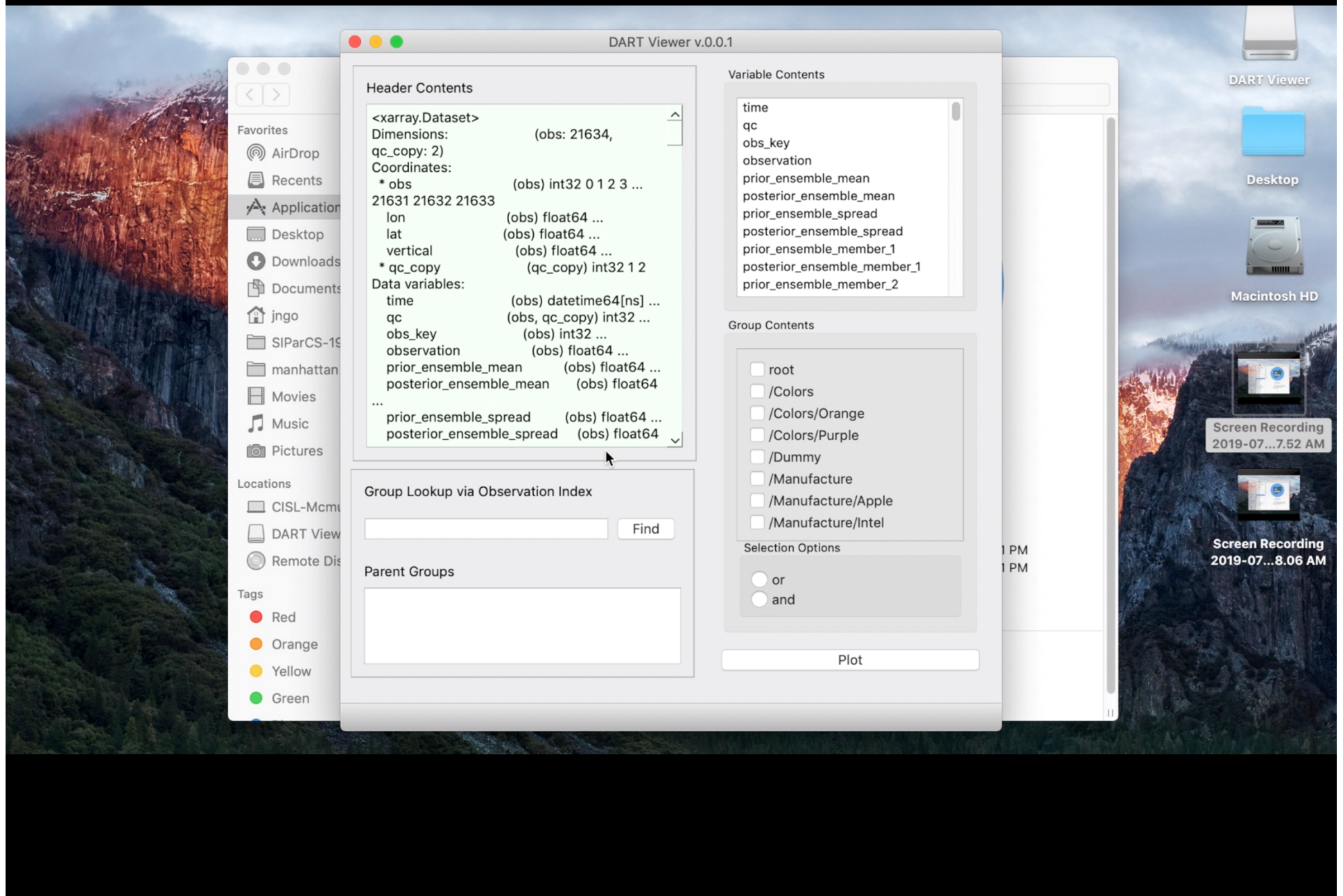
- Requires no programming languages
- Free
- Mac/Linux compatible



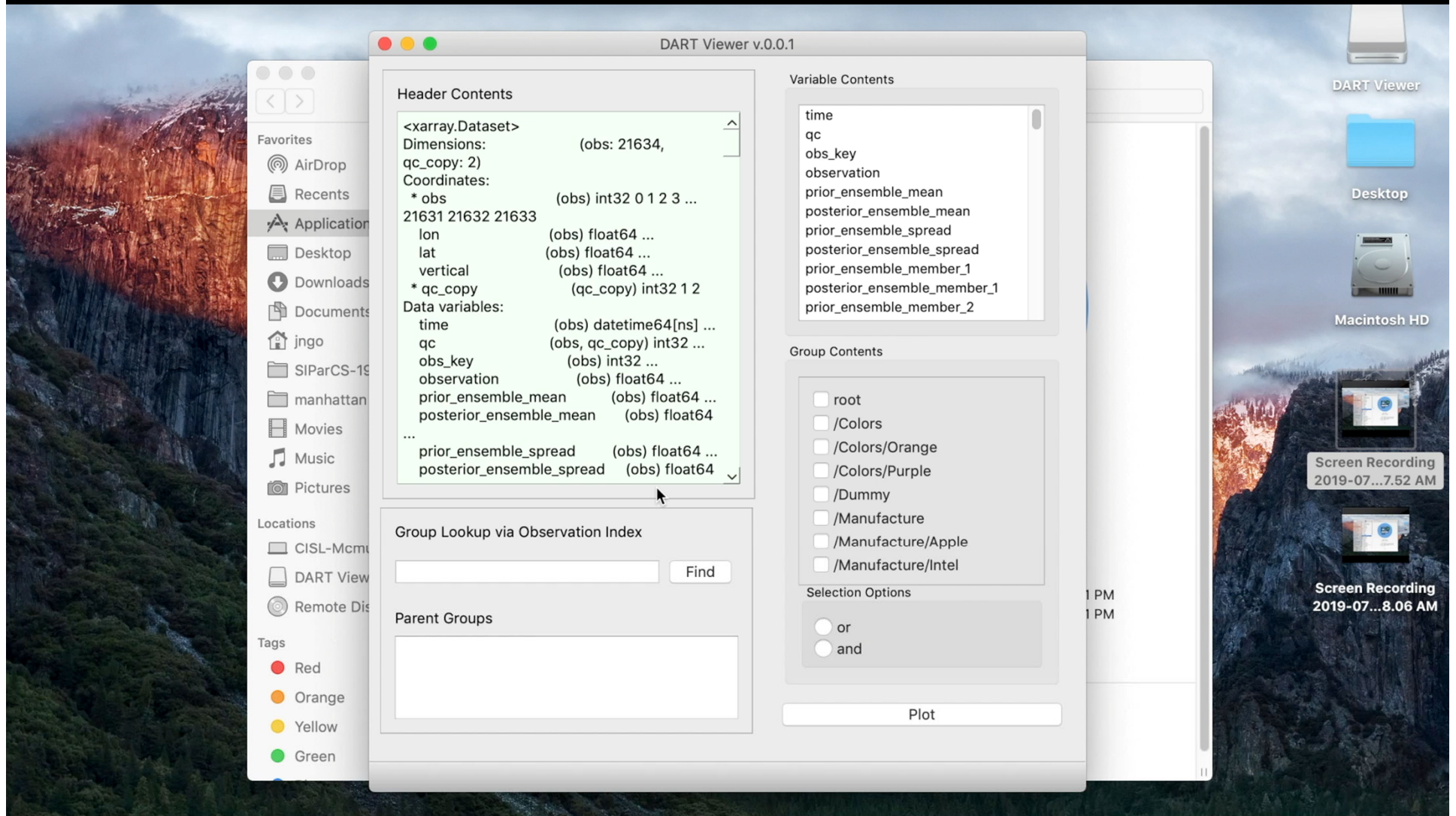
# SOLUTION – GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE (GUI)



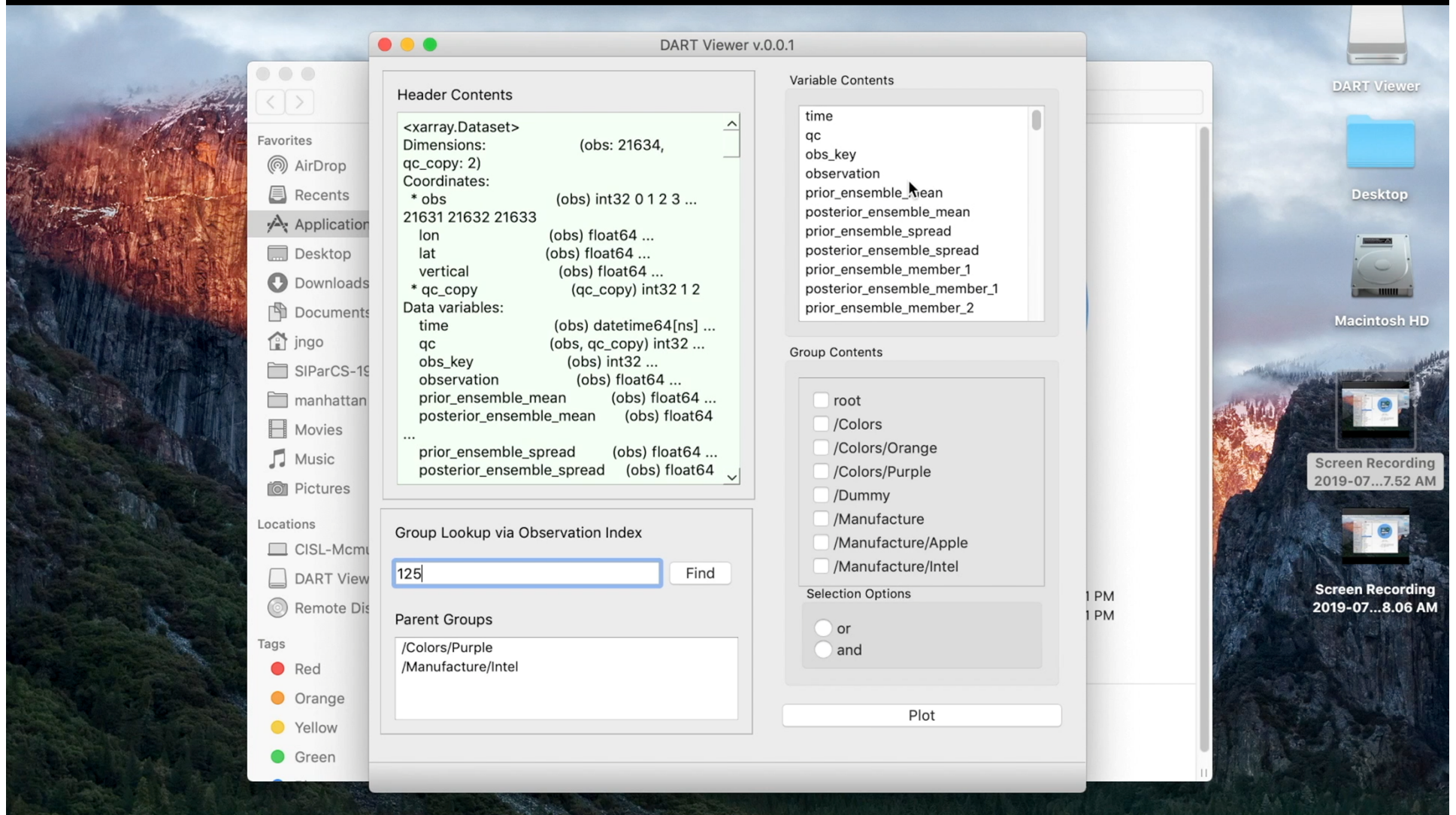
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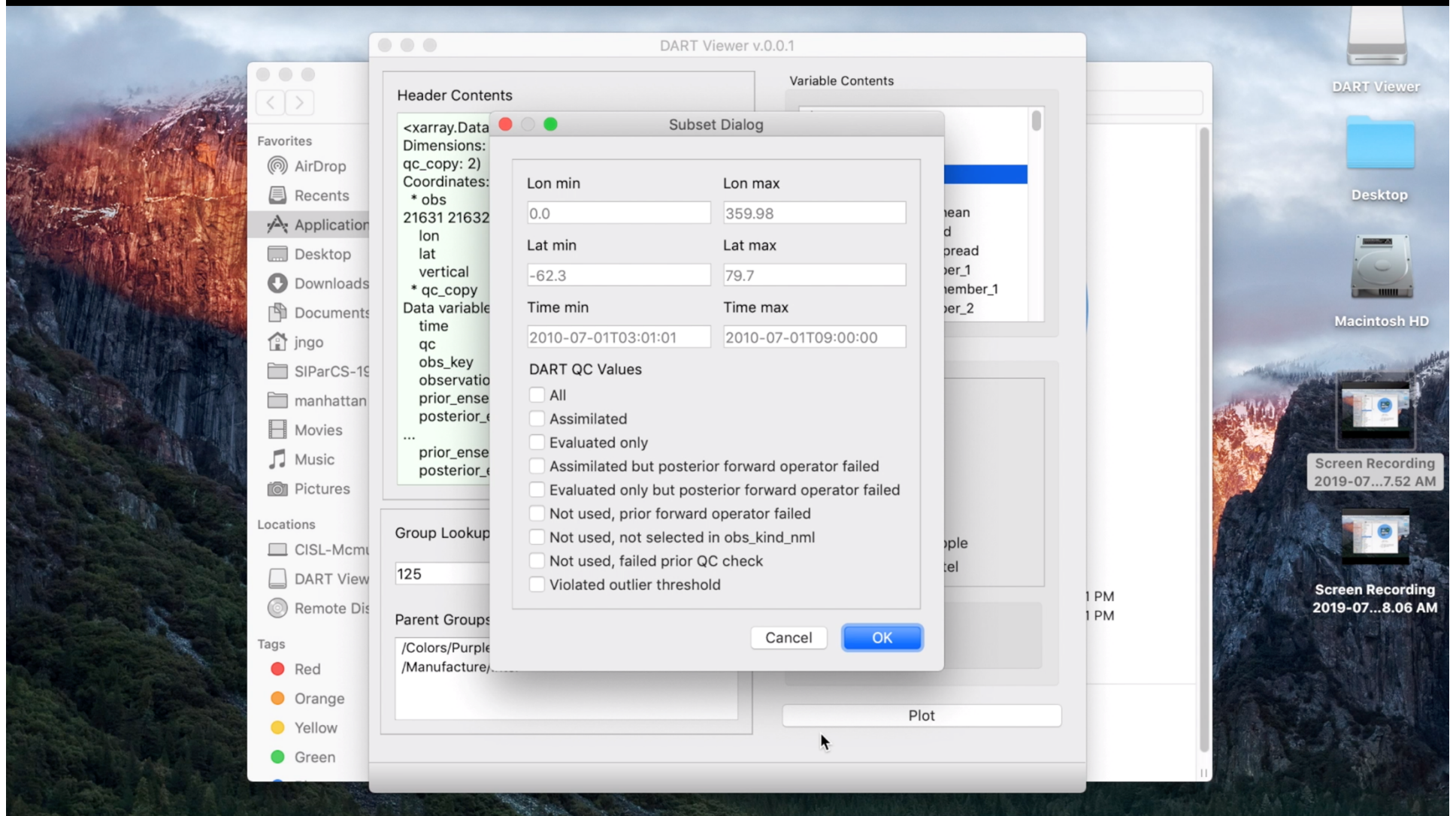


# SOLUTION – GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE (GUI)

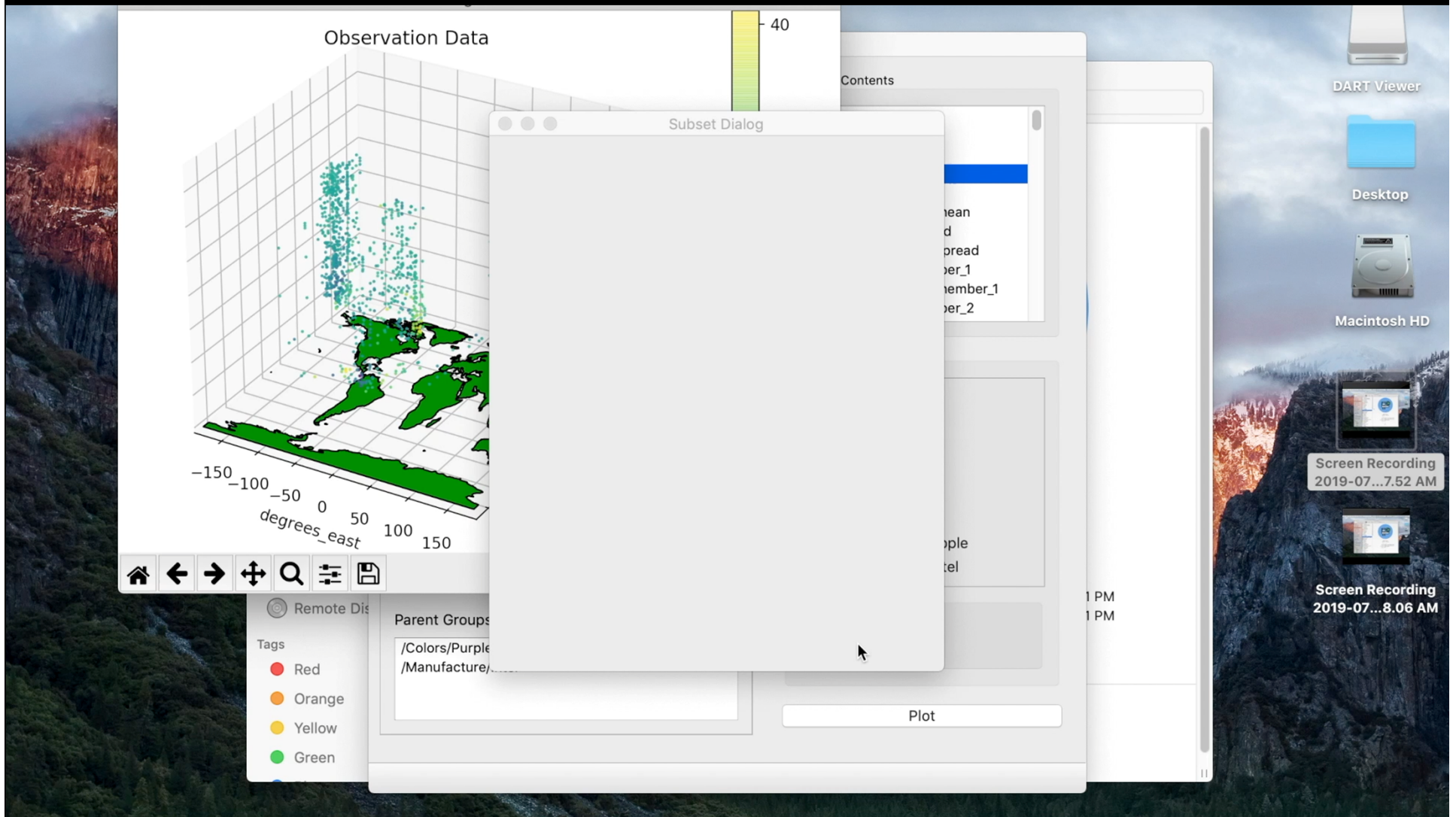




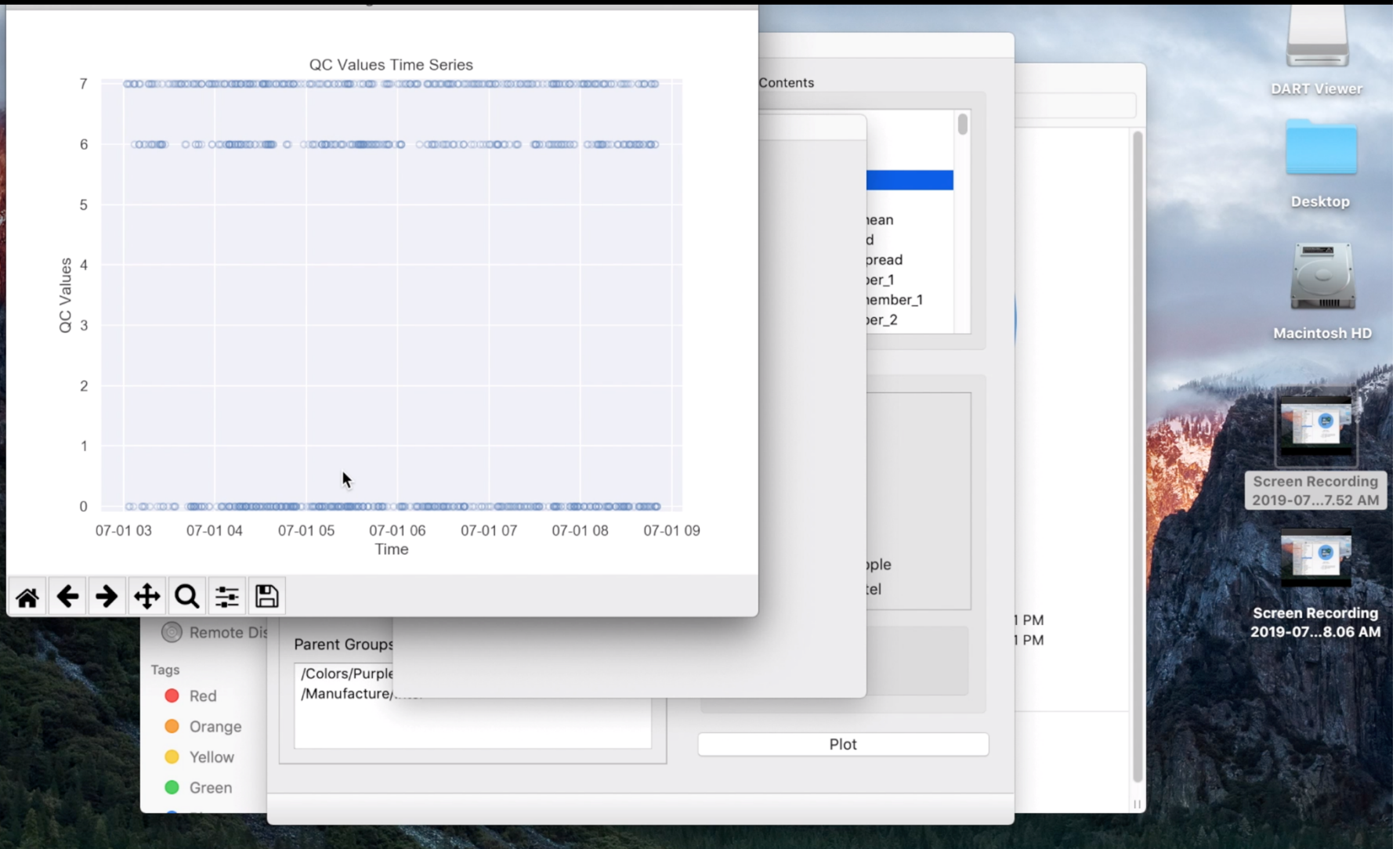
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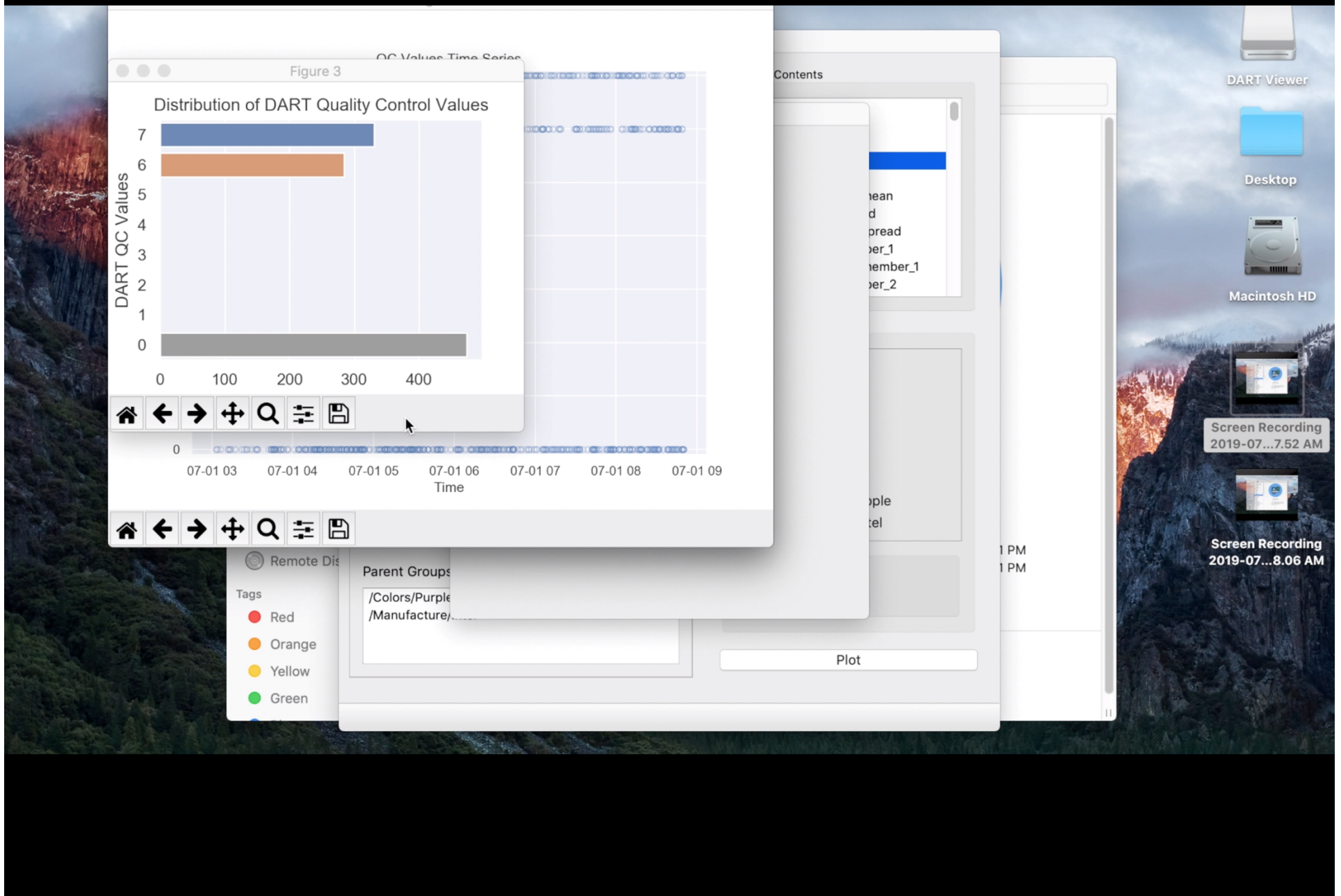
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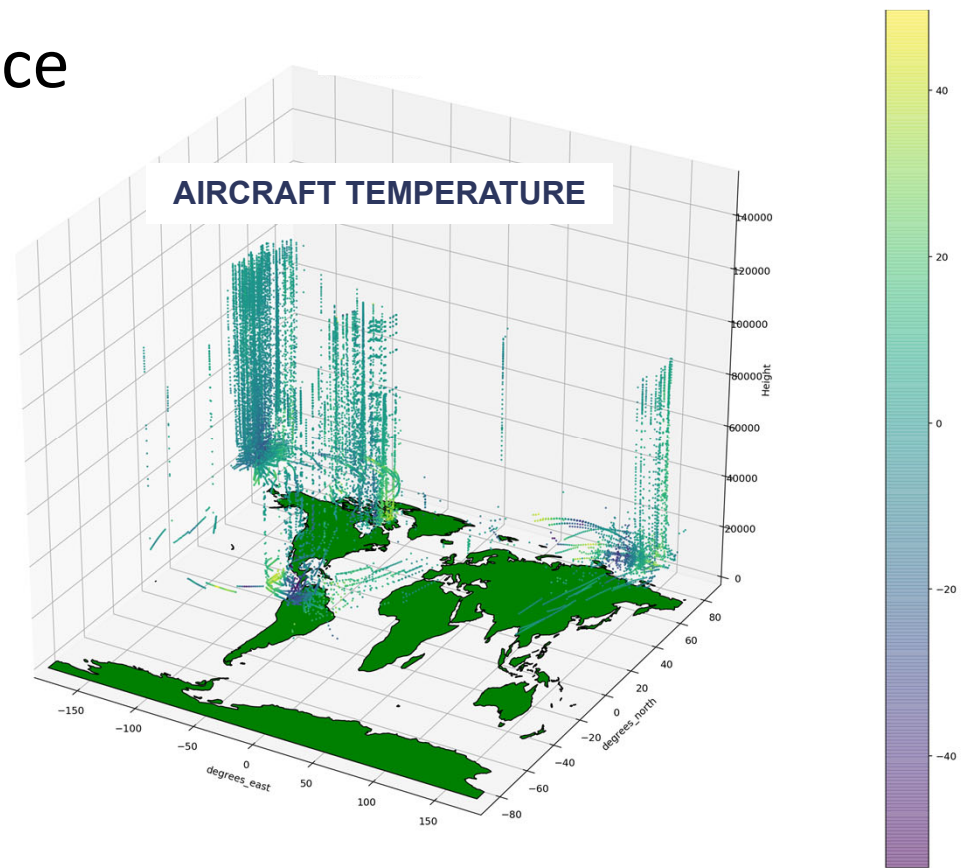
## Python Backend

- Database:
  - xarray
  - netcdf4
- Plot:
  - matplotlib
  - cartopy



# FUTURE WORK

- Automated testing capabilities
- Customizable plots
- More intuitive interface



Plotted with GUI

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- Mentors: Jeff Anderson, Nancy Collins
- Data Assimilation Research Section
- Fellow SIParCS Interns
- CODE team

Any questions ?



You can find me at

- [aqngo@haverford.edu](mailto:aqngo@haverford.edu)
- or at the airport on Saturday